

Rapid Need Assessment Report – Hawija Response Plan/ Part1



1. General Information

Place of Assessment	Northeast of Shirqat district
Date of Assessment	23-28 Sep, 2017
Address & Contact information	Alzohoor street - Tikrit city – Iraq , msalih@sedoiraq.org , +9647705155185

2. Situation Overview

On 21 September, Iraqi Prime Ministry announced the starting of phase1 from military operations to liberate of Hawija district, over the following two days; the targeted villages in this report were liberated. No people are displaced from the targeted villages during the military operation except about (19) families have members were joined of ISIL are displaced toward of Hajj Ali camp. SEDO team has been visited has been visited and assessed the villages were ISIS was controlled for more than 3 years restricted and pressure on civilians, very sever vulnerable situation for people and urgent need for lifesaving interventions, although ISF clearness procedure took time to investigate mines and might be ISIS members hided everywhere according to resource of information. Total number of people (18,000) individuals hosted in targeted villages from remainees urgently needed for aid assistance especially food security, health and protection. Although the military operation was rapid, but the area was relatively destroyed in the homes and infrastructure such as water projects, health centers and schools. the targeted area were Hejel Faqani, Shiraya't, Azar, Kanaos Sufila, Mohammed Beker, Salman, Alnahyah, Shailat Alimam, Wadi Alshok, Awaijylah, Alsora, Shiekh Hamad, Kanose A'li, Kanitra, Nahar Alabbassi and Lazaqa villeges with follow information:

Village	GPS	Families	M/W	G /B
Hejel Faqani	35°35'58"N 43°16'5"E	125	379 M/ 138 W	91 B/ 36 G
Shiraya't	35°41'31"N 43°19'19"E	145	357 M/ 283 W	146 B/ 79 G
Azar	35°39'51"N 43°16'52"E	45	118 M/ 67 W	29 B/ 14 G
Kanaos Sufila	35°40'35"N 43°17'55"E	85	198 M/ 133 W	78 B/ 29 G
Mohammed Beker	35°39'23"N 43°16'14"E	56	137 M/ 92 W	35 B/ 30 G
Salman	35°33'57"N 43°16'30"E	714	1987 M/ 1233 W	419 B/ 336 G
Mashhad	35°35'01"N 43°16'46"E	137	413 M/ 186 W	74 B/ 47 G
Alnahyah	35°39'5"N 43°18'31"E	235	605 M/ 340 W	195 B/ 77 G
Shailat Alimam	35°39'57"N 43°20'20"E	113	311 M/ 146 W	85 B/ 53 G
Wadi Al Shok	35°34'28"N 43°17'01"E	53	116 M/ 84 W	39 B/ 35 G
Awaijylah	35°32'34"N 43°16'03"E	687	2354 M/ 975 W	307 B/ 214 G
Al Sora	35°36'31"N 43°16'17"E	53	125 M/ 96 W	58 B/ 33 G
Shiekh Hamad	35°35'44"N 43°16'27"E	122	386 M/ 91 W	103 B/ 57 G
Kanose Ali	35°39'47"N 43°16'01"E	425	973 M/ 688 W	170 B/ 125 G
Kantira	35°37'38"N 43°16'04"E	96	284 M/ 128 W	160 B/ 88 G
Nahar Alabbassi	35°37'32"N 43°17'31"E	28	77 M/ 33 W	22 B/ 14 G
Lazaqa	35°38'24"N 43°16'28"E	86	214 M/ 108 W	74 B/ 39 G

3. Needs

3.1 Livelihoods

- The only individuals receiving consistent salaries are pensioners.
- Those with some source of income share with others in the villages are:

Village	main sources of income before the crises	main sources of income after the crises
Hejel Faqani	Government employee	Without source of income
Shiraya't	A) Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping B) Government employee	Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping
Azar	Government employee	Without source of income
Kanaos Sufla	Government employee	Without source of income
Mohammed Beker	Government employee	Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping
Salman	A) Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping B) Government employee	Without source of income
Mashhad	A) Casual Labor B) Government employee	Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping
Alnahyah	A) Casual Labor B) Government employee	Without source of income
Shailat Alimam	A) Casual Labor B) Government employee	Without source of income
Wadi Al Shok	Government employee	Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping
Awaijylah	A) Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping B) Government employee	Without source of income
Al Sora	Government employee	Without source of income
Shiekh Hamad	Government employee	Without source of income
Kanose Ali	A) Casual Labor B) Government employee	Without source of income
Kantira	A) Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping B) Government employee	Agriculture based -own farm or shared cropping
Nahar Alabbassi	Government employee	Without source of income
Lazaqa	Government employee	Without source of income

- (73%) from head of household are saying the sources of income been affected due to this crises more than (50%).
- Most of current expenses items are food, shelter and medicine.

3.2 WASH

- Water stations for all villages are not functioning due to unavailability and missing of water pumps and generators , people are getting water from river directly, distance 1-3 kms, they using animals to pick up water containers or vehicles, mostly they are not affordable to buy fuel for vehicles, some villages using water of wells for domestic use.

There are 4 water pumping station without purification:

- A) Lazaqa Water Station (WS), mined WS, field team prohibited from entering, its providing three villages (Lazaqa, Mohammed Baker and Nahar Alabasi).
 - B) Shariat WS, 30-40 % destruction, it was provide water for villages (Kanose Sofla, Kanose A'li, Alnahyah, Azar and Shialat Alimam)
 - C) Kunitrah WS, 50 -60 % destruction, it was provide water for villages Kunitrah, Sura, Hejel Faqani, Shiekh Hamad)
 - D) Awijila WS, 40-50 % destruction, it was provide water for villages (Awaijylah, Salman, Wadi Alshok, Heijal and Mashhad)
- Despite access to some filters, the majority of participants reportedly drink unclean water resulting in cases of diarrhea especially amongst children.
 - KIs reported that the primary WASH related needs are assistance with the upkeep of local water stations and fuel assistance.
 - Urgent need for hygiene kits, detergents and soap.

3.3 Food Security

- Villages have very limited shops stocked with both fresh and dry goods.
- Inflation in the prices of food after the crisis, however there is little to no money with which to buy food. KIs in all villages reported that 95 % of individuals are unable to afford sufficient food.
- Coping mechanisms include skipping meals, and eating smaller meals. Those able to afford food are sharing with others.

- Little support by Iraqi security forces.
- Less Women mostly using breast feeding but due to starvation
- Less breast milk (perhaps due to stress or poor health or hunger/thirst)

Villages	children of 0-24 months of age	Pregnant women	Lacting women	Number of children 0-6 months breastfed Before the crisis	Number of children 0-6 months breastfed in the current situation
Hejel Faqani	53	42	53	34	
Shiraya't	94	43	94	109	52
Azar	26	12	19	17	13
Kanaos Sufla	24	27	43	62	43
Mohammed Beker	66	23	55	34	55
Salman		91	149	178	134
Mashhad	84	45	75	95	75
Alnahyah	45	28	42		
Shailat Alimam		175	213		
Wadi Al Shok	35			42	29
Awajjylah	42	17	22	15	18
Al Sora	65	39	45	32	26
Shiekh Hamad	89	26	73	82	51
Kanose Ali	142	107	115	162	77
Kantira	37	27	29	24	27
Nahar Alabbassi	16	9	11	8	5
Lazaqa	66	23	55	34	55

3.4 Health

- Overall, KIs reported little access to healthcare and medication.
- All villages suffered malnutrition and scabies, no healthcare for pregnancy, deliveries and chronic disease like diabetes and blood pressure.
- Awaijylah, Hejel Faqani and Shaiala Alimam there are primary health centers , there are 2-3 staff for each providing primary care to the villages, but there is no medication.
- Medication is generally reported to be scarce and expensive – some reported buying medication on the black market.
- Assistance for those suffering with chronic diseases was generally the primary concern as many are going without medication.
- According to KI, (9) children were lost during last three years in Awaijylah, Lazaqa, Sora and Sheikh Hamad villages due to lack of care and lack of medication

3.5 Electricity

- All villages reported having no electricity from the public grid.
- The majority reported that there was limited access to generators, but they were generally too expensive to run. They are used on a limited basis to charge appliances and pump water from wells.
- Those with access to generators share electricity with others in the village.
- Many reported using kerosene lamps, as well as wood stoves, for heat and light.

3.6 Shelter

- Most villages reported up to 5 houses that were completely damaged. However villages generally report having a significant proportion of houses which are partially damaged.
- There is need for summarization and baby kits especially there is no cool water for drinking

3.7 Protection

- SEDO team found very vulnerable groups like women, girls, children, disables and elderlies, most of them traumatic and describing ISIS practices that verifying violence against human rights, children staying at homes to avoid mixing them with ISIS groups, women and others very concerning and fear from executing of people and act of ISIS there.
- There aren't safely playing space in theses (17) villages for girls or boys.
- Most of remainees in the area need for case management, PSS, PFA and GBV
- There are need for legal assistance to register the new children, register the marriage, divorce and death cases.
- There are (36) children in these villages suffering signs of distress, such as sleep disorders, anxiety and fear
- There are (14) disable children in the area.
- We didn't found any separated children.
- There are female and girls suffer from persecution in their families.
- According to KI, there are families concerned about their fate and they fear of assassination as a result of the relationship one of their members with ISIL.
- There are number from children and women newly arrested

3.8 Education

- There about (11000) school aged children are in this (17) villages.
- (93%) from children went to schools or learning spaces before the crisis.
- All children did not go to schools for last three years.
- There are (29) school in this area, two are partially damaged and the other need for maintenance and cleaning especially WASH facilities.
- There are many trained MoE teachers from men and little from female in the area.
- There are about (8) volunteer per village in rate who could help to facilitate education activities with children.